

- 1. What variables or unknowns are involved?
- 2. What quantity is to be maximized or minimized and how do I express that quantity in terms of my unknowns?
- 3. What constraints do I have? How can I express those constraints in terms of my unknowns? (In linear programming problems, this step results in a set of linear inequalities.)

#### Example - potter making cups and plates

A potter is making cups and plates. It takes her 6 minutes to make a cup and 3 minutes to make a plate. Each cup uses 3/4 lb. of clay and each plate uses one lb. of clay. She has 20 hours available for making the cups and plates and has 250 lbs. of clay on hand. She makes a profit of \$2 on each cup and \$1.50 on each plate. How many cups and how many plates should she make in order to maximize her profit?

x = number of cups the potter makesy = number of plates the potter makes

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P = (\$2/cup)(x cups) + (\$1.50/plate)(y plates),so P = \$2x + \$1.50y x = number of cups the potter makesy = number of plates the potter makes

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Time constraint:

time on cups + time on plates  $\leq$  time available

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Time constraint:

time on cups + time on plates  $\leq$  time available (6 min./cup)(x cups) + (3min./plate)(y plates)  $\leq$ (20 hrs.)(60 min./hr.) or  $6x + 3y \leq 1200$ 

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Clay constraint: clay for cups + clay for plates  $\leq$  clay available

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### Clay constraint:

clay for cups + clay for plates  $\leq$  clay available (3/4 lb. of clay/cup)(x cups) + (1 lb. of clay/plate)(x plates) < 250 lbs. of clay

(1 lb. of clay/plate)(y plates)  $\leq$  250 lbs. of clay .75x + y  $\leq$  250

# x = number of cups the potter makes

- y = number of plates the potter makes
  - P = (\$2/cup)(x cups) + (\$1.50/plate)(y plates),
  - so P = \$2x + \$1.50y

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(1 lb. of clay/plate)(y plates)  $\leq$  250 lbs. of clay .75x + y  $\leq$  250

Non-negative constraints:  $x \ge 0, y \ge 0$ 

Summary: x = number of cups the potter makes y = number of plates the potter makes

The potter wants to maximize profit P = \$2x + \$1.50y

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Constraints:

\begin{array}{l} 6x + 3y \leq 1200 \\ .75x + y \leq 250 \\ x \geq 0 \\ y \geq 0 \end{array}
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#### Farmer planting corn and soybeans

A farmer has a 320 acre farm on which she plants two crops: corn and soybeans. For each acre of corn planted, her expenses are \$50 and for each acre of soybeans planted, her expenses are \$100. Each acre of corn requires 100 bushels of storage and yields a profit of \$60; each acre of soybeans requires 40 bushels of storage and yields a profit of \$90. If the total amount of storage space available is 19,200 bushels and the farmer has only \$20,000 on hand, how many acres of each crop should she plant in order to maximize her profit? What will her profit be if she follows this strategy?

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Maximize P = 60x + 90y

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land constraint:  $x + y \le 320$ \$ constraint:  $50x + 100y \le 20,000$ storage constraint:  $100x + 40y \le 19,200$  x = # acres of corn y = # acres of sources

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land constraint:  $x + y \le 320$ \$ constraint:  $50x + 100y \le 20,000$ storage constraint:  $100x + 40y \le 19,200$ non-negative constraints:  $x \ge 0, y \ge 0$ 

#### Example - Aluminum and Copper Wire

A plant makes aluminum and copper wire. Each pound of aluminum wire requires 5 kwh of electricity and 1/4 hr. of labor. Each pound of copper wire requires 2 kwh of electricity and 1/2hr. of labor. Production of copper wire is restricted by the fact that raw materials are available to produce at most 60 lbs./day. Electricity is limited to 500 kwh/day and labor to 40 person-hrs./day. If the profit from aluminum wire is \$.25/lb. and the profit from copper is \$.40/lb., how much of each should be produced to maximize profit and what is the maximum profit?

# x = number of lbs. of aluminum wire y = number of lbs. of copper wire

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> Constraints:  $y \le 60$

Constraints: $y \le 60$  $5x + 2y \le 500$ 

> Constraints:  $y \le 60$  $5x + 2y \le 500$  $.25x + .5y \le 40$

> Constraints:  $y \le 60$   $5x + 2y \le 500$   $.25x + .5y \le 40$   $x \ge 0$  $y \ge 0$

# Sofa Factories

A company makes two types of sofas, regular and long, at two locations, one in Hickory and one in Lenoir. The plant in Hickory has a daily operating budget of \$45,000 and can produce at most 300 sofas daily in any combination. It costs \$150 to make a regular sofa and \$200 to make a long sofa at the Hickory plant. The Lenoir plant has a daily operating budget of \$36,000, can produce at most 250 sofas daily in any combination and makes a regular sofa for \$135 and a long sofa for \$180. The company wants to limit production to a maximum of 250 regular sofas and 350 long sofas each day. If the company makes a profit of \$50 on each regular sofa and \$70 on each long sofa, how many of each type should be made at each plant in order to maximize profit? What is the maximum profit?

# Sofa Factories

x = regular sofas made in Hickory
y = long sofas made in Hickory
z = regular sofas made in Lenoir
w = long sofas made in Lenoir

\$ constraint at Hickory:  $150x + 200y \le 45,000$ Hickory sofa limit:  $x + y \le 300$ \$ constraint at Lenoir:  $135z + 180w \le 36,000$ Lenoir sofa limit:  $z + w \le 250$ regular sofa limit:  $x + z \le 250$ long sofa limit:  $y + w \le 350$ non-neg:  $x \ge 0, y \ge 0, z \ge 0, w \ge 0$ 

Maximize profit P = 50x + 70y + 50z + 70w